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* These topics are not currently covered by Board policy.

SCHOOL DISTRICT LEGAL STATUS

The United States Constitution leaves to the individual states responsibility for public education.

The Ohio General Assembly is under mandate by the Constitution of Ohio to provide for the organization, administration and control of a public school system supported by public funds. The Ohio State Constitution also calls for a State Board of Education and a Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The General Assembly has outlined the duties of the State Board of Education and the Chief State School Officer. It has also established a State Department of Education (through which policies and directives of the State Board and Superintendent of Public Instruction are administered) and has established specific types of school districts.

The Canton City School District is classified as a city school district governed by a locally elected Board of Education.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: U.S. Const. Amend. X
Ohio Const. Art. VI, 2; 3; 4
ORC Chapter 3311.01

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING

Community participation in the schools is essential to promote and maintain the quality of education for all students.

In addition to electing fellow citizens to represent them on the Board, all citizens may express ideas, concerns and judgments about the schools to the administration, to the staff, to any appointed advisory bodies and ultimately to the Board. Ideas should be addressed to the responsible individual in an appropriate fashion.

Residents may be invited by the Board to act as advisors, individually and in groups, in such areas as:

1. clarifying general ideas and attitudes held by residents in regard to the schools;
2. developing Board policies under which the school system is to be managed;
3. establishing administrative arrangements and regulations designed to help implement these policies;
4. determining the purposes of courses of study and special services to be provided for students;
5. evaluating the extent to which these purposes are being achieved by present policies and/or
6. solving a specific problem or set of closely related problems about which a decision must be made.

The Board gives consideration to the advice it receives from individuals and community groups. Final authority for all decisions rests with the Board.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 121.22
OAC 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04

CROSS REFS.: BCE, Board Committees
BCF, Advisory Committees to the Board
BCFA, Business Advisory Council to the Board
IF, Curriculum Development

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

STAFF INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING

The District involves the efforts of many people and functions best when all personnel are informed of the major activities and concerns.

There should be an exchange of ideas and pertinent information among all elements of a school district. Problems and unfavorable attitudes develop when employees are denied information essential for the performance of their respective assignments or when they feel that their ideas and concerns are not heard. School climate is enhanced when employees are assured that their voices are heard by those in positions of administrative authority.

A pattern of decision making and problem solving close to the task also contributes to efficiency and high morale.

While all employees have the opportunity to bring their ideas or grievances to the Board, they are expected to proceed through the recognized administrative channels. Final authority for all decisions rests with the Board.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REF.: OAC 3301-35-05

CROSS REFS.: BCE, Board Committees
BCF, Advisory Committees to the Board
BF, Board Policy Development and Adoption
CCB, Staff Relations and Lines of Authority
CE, Administrative Councils, Cabinets and Committees
GCD, Instructional Staff Hiring
GDD, Support Staff Hiring
IF, Curriculum Development

CONTRACT REFS.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement
Support Staff Negotiated Agreements

STUDENT INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING

Students share responsibility for developing a climate in the school which is conducive to learning. Through participation in the decision-making process, students can be an important resource for the improvement of the school, the educational system and the community. Periodically, students may be asked to review school policies, rules and regulations. Final authority for all decisions rests with the Board.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

[Re-adoption date: May 8, 2006]

LEGAL REF.: OAC 3301-35-04

CROSS REFS.: BCE, Board Committees
BCF, Advisory Committees to the Board
JF, Student Rights and Responsibilities
JFA, Student Due Process Rights
JFC, Student Conduct (Zero Tolerance)
Student Handbooks

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

NONDISCRIMINATION

The Board's policy of nondiscrimination extends to students, staff, job applicants, the general public and individuals with whom it does business and applies to race, color, national origin, citizenship status, religion, sex, economic status, age or disability.

The Board does not permit discriminatory practices and views harassment as a form of discrimination. Harassment is defined as intimidation by threats of or actual physical violence; the creation, by whatever means including the use of electronic communications devices, of a climate of hostility or intimidation; or the use of language, conduct or symbols in such a manner as to be commonly understood to convey hatred, contempt or prejudice or to have the effect of insulting or stigmatizing an individual.

Employees or students who engage in discrimination of another employee or student shall be subject to disciplinary action.

Permission, consent or assumption of risk by an individual subjected to discrimination does not lessen the prohibition contained in this policy.

No one shall retaliate against an employee or student because he/she files a grievance; assists or participates in an investigation, proceeding or hearing regarding the charge of discrimination of an individual; or because he/she has opposed language or conduct that violates this policy.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

[Re-adoption date: May 8, 2006]

LEGAL REFS.: Civil Rights Act, Title VI; 42 USC 2000d et seq.
Civil Rights Act, (Amended 1972), Title VII; 42 USC 2000e et seq.
Education Amendments of 1972, Title IX; 20 USC 1681
Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Order 11375
Equal Pay Act; 29 USC 206
Rehabilitation Act; 29 USC 794
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; 20 USC 1400 et seq.
Age Discrimination in Employment Act; 29 USC 623
Immigration Reform and Control Act; 8 USC 1324a et seq.
Americans with Disabilities Act; 42 USC 12112 et seq.
Ohio Const. Art. I, Section 2
ORC 3323.01
Chapter 4112
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03

CROSS REFS.: ACA, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex
ACAA, Sexual Harassment
ACB, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability
EDE, Computer/Online Services (Acceptable Use and Internet Safety)
GBA, Equal Opportunity Employment
IGAB, Human Relations Education
IGBA, Programs for Students with Disabilities
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities
JFC, Student Conduct (Zero Tolerance)
JFCEA, Gangs
JFCF, Hazing
Staff Handbooks
Student Handbooks

CONTRACT REFS.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement
Support Staff Negotiated Agreement

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

NONDISCRIMINATION

Alleged Discrimination and Harassment Grievance Procedures

In accordance with the U.S. Department of Education and the Ohio Department of Education Office for Civil Rights (OCR) guidelines, any student, support staff, teacher, counselor or administrator who believe that the District or any school official has inadequately applied the principles and/or regulations of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (race, color, natural origin), Title IX of the Education Amendment Act of 1972 (gender), Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (disability) or the Age Discrimination Act of 1975 which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age in educational programs receiving financial assistance, he/she may file a complaint which shall be referred to as a formal grievance/harassment complaint.

It is recommended that the grievant attempt to resolve the alleged discrimination or harassment complaint informally at the principal/supervisor level within five days of the date the incident occurred. However, if the alleged discrimination/harassment complaint cannot be resolved informally, the complainant may use the following procedure, or file directly with the U.S. Department of Education.

Step 1

An alleged formal discrimination grievance/harassment complaint is made to the principal or immediate supervisor within 10 working days of the date the incident occurred. A formal conference is arranged to discuss the alleged discrimination/harassment and determine a reasonable solution. Nevertheless, a copy of the discrimination/harassment complaint must be forwarded to the District's Title IX/504 Coordinator.

Step 2

If the issue is not resolved in Step 1, the decision may be appealed to the Title IX or 504 Coordinator, within five working days. A conference/investigation is held with involved personnel in the alleged act of discrimination/harassment. (Both of these titles include Title VI.)

504 Coordinator
Director of Pupil Services

Title IX Coordinator
Director of Human Resources

Step 3

If the issue is not resolved at Step 2, the decision may be appealed to the Superintendent who functions as the final mediator at the local level.

Step 4

If the alleged issue is not resolved at Step 3, the decision, at any time during the process, may be forwarded to the Office for Civil Rights, U.S. Department of Education, 600 Superior Avenue East, Bank One Center, Room 750, Cleveland, OH 44114-2611, 216-522-4970, Fax: 216-522-2573, TDD: 216-522-4944.

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Parent(s)/guardian(s) do not have to be present at the informal complaint meeting with the principal/supervisor. However, parent(s)/guardian(s) must be present at all levels of the formal alleged discrimination process for youths under the age of 18 years.

(Approval date: May 17, 2004)

(Re-approval date: October 25, 2004)

NONDISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF SEX

The U.S. Department of Education has published regulations for implementing Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, which prohibits sex discrimination in federally assisted education programs.

Title IX states, in part: “No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.”

The Board ensures compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and the regulations promulgated through the U.S. Department of Education.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

[Re-adoption date: May 8, 2006]

LEGAL REFS.: Civil Rights Act, Title VI; 42 USC 2000d et seq.
Civil Rights Act, Title VII; 42 USC 2000e et seq.
Education Amendments of 1972, Title IX; 20 USC 1681 et seq.
Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Order 11375
Equal Pay Act; 29 USC 206
Ohio Const. Art. I, Section 2
ORC Chapter 4112

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
ACAA, Sexual Harassment
ACB, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Disability
GBA, Equal Opportunity Employment
IGDJ, Interscholastic Athletics
IIAA, Textbook Selection and Adoption
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities
JFCF, Hazing
Staff Handbooks
Student Handbooks

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

SEXUAL HARASSMENT

All persons associated with the District, including, but not limited to, the Board, the administration, the staff and the students, are expected to conduct themselves at all times so as to provide an atmosphere free from sexual harassment. Sexual harassment, whether verbal or nonverbal, occurring inside or outside of District buildings, on other District-owned property or at school-sponsored social functions/activities, is illegal and unacceptable and will not be tolerated. Any person who engages in sexual harassment while acting as a member of the school community is in violation of this policy.

The Board has developed complaint procedures which are available to victims. The Board has also identified disciplinary penalties which could be imposed on the offenders.

Definition of Sexual Harassment: Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature may constitute sexual harassment when:

1. submission to such conduct is made, either explicitly or implicitly, a term or condition of a person's employment or educational development;
2. submission to, or rejection of, such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment or education decisions affecting such individual or
3. such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work or educational performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment.

Examples of sexual harassment-type conduct may include, but are not limited to, unwanted sexual advances; demands for sexual favors in exchange for favorable treatment or continued employment; repeated sexual jokes, flirtations, advances or propositions; verbal abuse of a sexual nature; graphic verbal commentary relating to an individual's body, sexual prowess or sexual deficiencies; coerced sexual activities; any unwanted physical contact; sexually suggestive or obscene comments or gestures; or displays in the workplace of sexually suggestive or obscene objects or pictures. Whether any such act or comment may constitute sexual harassment-type conduct is often dependent on the individual recipient.

The Grievance Officer: The Board appoints one or more sexual harassment grievance officers who are vested with the authority and responsibility for processing all sexual harassment complaints in accordance with the procedure set forth in the accompanying regulation and staff and student handbooks.

Sexual matters, including the identity of both the charging party and the accused, are kept confidential to the extent possible. Although discipline may be imposed against the accused upon a finding of guilt, retaliation is prohibited.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: Civil Rights Act, Title VI; 42 USC 2000d et seq.
Civil Rights Act, Title VII; 42 USC 2000e et seq.
Education Amendments of 1972, Title IX; 42 USC 2000e et seq.
Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Order 11375
Equal Pay Act; 29 USC 206
Immigration Reform and Control Act; 8 USC 1324a et seq.
Ohio Const. Art. I, Section 2

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
ACA, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Gender
GBA, Equal Opportunity Employment
IGDJ, Interscholastic Athletics
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities
JFC, Student Conduct (Zero Tolerance)
JFCF, Hazing
JHG, Reporting Child Abuse
Staff Handbooks
Student Handbooks

CONTRACT REFS.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement
Support Staff Negotiated Agreements

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

SEXUAL HARASSMENT

All sexual harassment complaints are processed in accordance with the following procedure:

1. Any member of the school community who believes that he/she has been subjected to sexual harassment shall report the incident(s) to the appropriate grievance officer.
2. The grievance officer attempts to resolve the problem in an informal manner through the following process.
 - A. The grievance officer confers with the charging party in order to obtain a clear understanding of that party's statement of the alleged facts.
 - B. The grievance officer meets with the charged party in order to obtain his/her response to the complaint.
 - C. The grievance officer holds as many meetings with the parties as are necessary to gather facts.
 - D. On the basis of the grievance officer's perception of the problem, he/she will:
 - 1) attempt to resolve the matter informally through conciliation or
 - 2) notify the parties by certified mail of his/her official action relative to the complaint.
3. If either party disagrees with the decision of the grievance officer, he/she may appeal to the Superintendent/designee. After reviewing the record made by the grievance officer, the Superintendent/designee may attempt to gather further evidence necessary to decide the case and to determine appropriate action to be taken. The decision of the Superintendent/designee is final. If any of the named officials are the charged or charging party, the Board will designate an alternate investigator and retain final decision-making authority.

All matters involving sexual harassment complaints remain confidential to the extent possible.

(Approval date: May 17, 2004)

THIS IS A REQUIRED REGULATION

PEER SEXUAL HARASSMENT

It is a violation of this policy for students to harass other students through conduct or communications (including electronic) of a sexual nature as defined below.

Definition

Sexual harassment is unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature. Such conduct can include unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors and other verbal, nonverbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when made by any student to another student. Such actions constitute sexual harassment when the conduct is so severe, persistent, repetitive or pervasive that it affects a student's ability to participate in or benefit from an educational program or activity or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive academic environment.

Sexual harassment, as defined above, may include, but is not limited to, the following:

1. verbal harassment or abuse (including electronic devices);
2. pressure for sexual activity;
3. repeated remarks to a person with sexual or demeaning implications;
4. unwelcome touch or
5. suggesting or demanding sexual involvement.

Conduct is "unwelcome" if the student did not request or invite it and regarded the conduct as undesirable or offensive. Acquiescence in the conduct or failure to complain does not always mean the conduct was welcome.

It is a violation of Board policy for students to harass other students through conduct or communications (including electronic) of a sexual nature.

Regulations regarding Peer Sexual Harassment are developed and maintained by District administrators and can be accessed immediately following this policy.

Complaint Procedure

Any student who alleges sexual harassment by another should complain directly to a school official, who in turn must report the incident to the principal or his/her designee immediately.

The Principal to whom the complaint was made reports the complaint within one school day to the Superintendent or his/her designee.

Fact Finding

The right to confidentiality, both of the complainant and of the accused, will be respected as the fact finding occurs.

The principal should remember that fact finding requires a balancing of the accused's right to preserve his/her good name, the complainant's right to an environment free of sexual harassment and the Board's interest in a prompt and fair investigation.

The principal meets with the complainant as soon as possible.

Following the meeting with the complainant, the principal fact finds to determine if sexual harassment has occurred. (See Regulations)

Post-Fact Finding Procedures

Upon conclusion of the fact finding, the principal issues a written report. (See Regulations)

Discipline

A substantiated charge against a student in the District subjects that student to disciplinary action which may include suspension or expulsion consistent with the student discipline code.

Appeal

If the complainant or his parents are not satisfied with the results of the fact finding, the parents may send written notice to the Superintendent or his/her designee that they are not satisfied with the results of the fact finding. The written notice should include reasons why the complainant and parents are not satisfied with the results of the fact finding. The Superintendent or his/her designee, upon receipt of the notice request, reviews it and conducts further fact finding if deemed necessary. The Superintendent or his/her designee issues a decision to the parents of the complainant in a timely manner.

Appeal to the Board

A student or a student's parent may appeal the decision of the Superintendent to the Board or its designee. They may be represented in all such appeal proceedings and are granted a hearing before the Board or its designee.

[Adoption date: August 15, 2005]

LEGAL REFS.: Civil Rights Act, Title VI; 42 USC 2000d et seq.
Civil Rights Act, Title VII; 42 USC 2000e et seq.
Education Amendments of 1972, Title IX; 42 USC 2000e et seq.

Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Order 11375
Equal Pay Act; 29 USC 206
Immigration Reform and Control Act; 8 USC 1324a et seq.
Ohio Const. Art. I, Section 2

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CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
ACA, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Gender
ACAA, Sexual Harassment
GBA, Equal Opportunity Employment
IGDJ, Interscholastic Athletics
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities
JFC, Student Conduct (Zero Tolerance)
JFCF, Hazing
JHG, Reporting Child Abuse
Staff Handbooks
Student Handbooks

CONTRACT REFS.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement
Support Staff Negotiated Agreements

PEER SEXUAL HARASSMENT
(Regulations)

Fact Finding

The following regulations are to be followed in regard to the fact finding of a sexual harassment complaint.

1. Notify the parent of the accused and the parent of the complainant regarding the alleged harassment.
2. Question the accused and the complainant (individually and/or together as necessary) regarding the alleged harassment.
3. Question other students (if applicable) who may have knowledge of the alleged harassment.
4. Question other staff (if applicable) who may have knowledge of the alleged harassment.
5. Question the parents (if applicable).

The aforementioned is not the only means by which fact finding can/should be conducted. Additional/different steps are permissible based upon the discretion of the principal.

Post-Fact Finding

The following regulations are to be followed in regard to post-fact finding procedures;

1. At the conclusion of fact finding, the principal issues a written report. The report includes a determination of whether the accused was found to have engaged in harassment, found not to have engaged in harassment or whether the fact finding was inconclusive.
2. A copy of the report is sent to the parents of the complainant, the parents of the accused and the office of Pupil Services.
3. If harassment is found to have occurred, the principal recommends what steps are necessary to ensure that the harassment is eliminated for the victim and others who have been affected.

These steps may include notification of local authorities.

(Approval date: August 15, 2005)

Canton City School District, Canton, Ohio

NONDISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF DISABILITY

The Board maintains that discrimination against a qualified disabled person solely on the basis of disability is unfair. To the extent possible, qualified disabled persons should be in the mainstream of life in a school community. In addition, the District is the recipient of federal funds and therefore must be in compliance with all laws and regulations which deal with disabled individuals.

Accordingly, employees of the District comply with the law and Board policy to ensure nondiscrimination on the basis of disability. The following is expected.

1. No one discriminates against qualified disabled persons in any aspect of school employment solely on the basis of disability.
2. Facilities, programs and activities are made available to qualified disabled persons.
3. Free appropriate public education at elementary and secondary levels, including nonacademic and extracurricular services and activities, are provided to qualified disabled persons.
4. No one excludes any qualified disabled person, solely on the basis of disability, from participation in any preschool education, day care, adult education or vocational education program.
5. Each qualified disabled person is provided with the same health, welfare and other social services which are provided to others.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act; 20 USC 1400 et seq.
Rehabilitation Act of 1973; 29 USC 794
Americans with Disabilities Act; 42 USC 12112 et seq.
ORC 3323.01 et seq.
Chapter 4112

CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
ACA, Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Gender
AE, School District Goals and Objectives
GBA, Equal Opportunity Employment
IGBA, International Services for Students with Disabilities
IGDJ, Interscholastic Athletics
JB, Equal Educational Opportunities

JFCF, Hazing
Staff Handbooks
Student Handbooks

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

NONDISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF DISABILITY

The Board recognizes that no individual should be discriminated against on the basis of disability in taking equal use and enjoyment of the District's services, programs and facilities. The District makes reasonable accommodations to ensure compliance with Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act.

1. The Board appoints the business manager as the "Responsible Person" for implementation of Title II, ADA.
2. The administration has developed and implemented a Title II grievance procedure.
3. The administration created and uses a Title II steering committee, made up of staff, experts and interested community members.
4. The District performs a Title II self-evaluation and has developed a facilities and implementation plan of action.
5. The District issues all required Title II notices and publications on a continuing basis.

(Approval date: May 17, 2004)

DEVELOPMENT OF PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATION

The Board's philosophy of education gives direction to the educational program and daily operations of the District.

Annually, the policy committee of the Board and the Superintendent evaluate the philosophy of education. Suggestions from both the staff and community are considered.

The committee revises or confirms the existing philosophy or writes a new statement of philosophy. The committee presents its recommendation regarding a philosophy of education to the Board for adoption or re-adoption.

All building and course of study philosophies reflect and extend the Board's philosophy. The Superintendent disseminates the Board's philosophy of education to all staff members and directs that it be published in all handbooks.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-05

CROSS REFS.: ADA, Educational Philosophy
BF, Board Policy Development and Adoption
BFG, Policy Review and Evaluation

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

EDUCATIONAL PHILOSOPHY

The Board is committed to providing a program of education which is consistent with the following tenets.

1. Education contributes to the continuous improvement of our democratic society and the cultures it encompasses through the development of concerned, contributing and patriotic citizens.
2. The dignity and worth of the individual is respected. Each individual is given the opportunity to participate in our society to the best of his/her ability.
3. The educational program is conducive to the optimum intellectual, physical, social and emotional development of all youth.
4. Basic knowledge, skills, understandings and appreciations are necessary for full-life functioning.
5. All youth are introduced to the humanities and the arts and provided the opportunity to pursue further studies in these areas.
6. The immediate and projected personal and societal needs of our youth receive continuous appraisal.
7. The development of self-appraisal skills, decision-making techniques and self-discipline by our youth helps them in assuming the responsibility for setting realistic immediate and long-range personal, academic and career goals.
8. The development of moral and ethical values on the part of youth is an important aspect of personal maturity for which the parents assume the primary responsibility. However, the schools strive to reinforce their efforts.
9. Continuous physical, mental and emotional growth and development is promoted through the maintenance of appropriate educational programs for youth.
10. Self-realization and self-expression are encouraged.
11. The educational program exceeds or meets the State Board of Education Operational Standards.
12. The development and implementation of a program of continuous evaluation based upon stated goals and objectives are necessary for effective program revision and improvement.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REF.: OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03

CROSS REFS.: AD, Development of Philosophy of Education
AE, School District Goals and Objectives
IA, Instructional Goals
Continuous Improvement Plan

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

MISSION STATEMENT

The Board accepts the premise that the American way of life is based on the recognition of the worth and dignity of each individual. Each student has a duty to develop his/her abilities and talents to the fullest extent. The District has an obligation to provide students the opportunity to develop their abilities and talents to the fullest extent.

Toward this end, the mission of the Board is to graduate students of good moral character with the necessary skills and knowledge, the ability to think clearly, the desire for continued learning and a concern for others to enable them to function in a pluralistic society as productive citizens.

The Board provides quality programs, staff and facilities and establishes long-range goals with yearly objectives to achieve the desired results.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

SCHOOL DISTRICT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

1. Develop Mastery of Basic Skills. The District promotes the acquisition of basic comprehension, oral and written communication and computation skills to the greatest extent possible for each student. Efforts are made to offer each student opportunities to master the basic skills needed to pursue his/her chosen goals.
2. Gain Knowledge and Experience in Natural Sciences, Social Sciences, Humanities and Fine Arts. The District provides opportunities and encouragement for students to gain knowledge and experience in the sciences, humanities and arts.
3. Develop a Positive Self-Image. The District attempts to respond to each student's need to develop a positive self-image and enhances his/her ability to determine, understand and examine his/her own capabilities, interests and goals.
4. Develop Skills of Constructive and Critical Thinking. The District fosters skills of constructive and critical thinking in order to enable each student to deal effectively with conditions and problems in an independent, self-fulfilling and responsible manner.
5. Develop Skills Appropriate to a Technological Society. The District provides students with information necessary to function in a rapidly changing workplace.
6. Develop Respect for Others and the Law. The District promotes the development of students to enable them to become mature, responsible citizens with respect for the rights of others and the law.
7. Gain Lifelong Learning Skills. The District promotes an eagerness for learning which encourages each student to continue to benefit from educational opportunities beyond formal schooling.
8. Gain Understanding of Value Systems, Cultures and Heritage. The District provides an opportunity for each student to gain knowledge and understanding of social skills, so that he/she is prepared to participate responsibly and successfully in a pluralistic society.
9. Gain Understanding of Economic Roles in Society. The District encourages each student to gain a critical understanding of his/her role as a producer and consumer of goods and services and of the principles involved in the production of goods and services.
10. Gain Knowledge and Understanding of the Environment. The District encourages student development of an appreciation for the maintenance, protection and improvement of the physical environment.

11. Develop Positive Health Habits and Physical Skills. The District helps students develop good habits concerning care of the body and avoidance of harmful effects of drugs, alcohol and tobacco. Lifelong physical fitness including lifetime recreational skills are promoted.

12. Develop Within the Community a Sense of Pride in the Schools. The District highlights the strengths of the education program and invites the community to participate in school functions.
13. Continual Evaluation and Revision of Curriculum. The District provides, through the evaluation process, a curriculum that is pertinent to student and community needs.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03

CROSS REFS.: ABA, Community Involvement in Decision Making (Also KC)
ADA, Educational Philosophy
IA, Instructional Goals
IAA, Instructional Objectives
KA, School-Community Relations Goals
Continuous Improvement Plan

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

COMMITMENT TO ACCOMPLISHMENT

Evaluation of District operations is a chief responsibility of the Board and is the only means of determining whether the educational goals adopted are being achieved.

The evaluation program may include, but is not limited to, the following areas.

1. curriculum and instruction
2. students, dropouts and graduates
3. school personnel
4. buildings and equipment
5. business operations
6. operations of the Board

Appraising the success of the instructional program is particularly important. Only through an awareness of the strengths and shortcomings of the program can the Board and Superintendent have a sound basis for making improvements. The improvements are made by the Superintendent through the implementation of policies adopted by the Board.

The Board:

1. assesses the District's operations and achievement of goals by information gathered from the Superintendent, Treasurer and other informational resources;
2. evaluates the Superintendent and Treasurer according to job descriptions and Board expectations and
3. evaluates itself according to its established goals and purposes.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.22; 3313.60
3319.01; 3319.02; 3319.08; 3319.081
OAC 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-05

CROSS REFS.: AF, all subcodes
AE, School District Goals and Objectives
BCC, Qualifications and Duties of the Treasurer
CBA, Qualifications and Duties of the Superintendent

EVALUATION OF SCHOOL BOARD OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

The Board plans and carries through an annual appraisal of its functioning as a board. This appraisal considers the broad realm of relationships and activities inherent in Board responsibilities. The Board will conduct an annual self-assessment and will publicly report the outcome of the evaluation.

The appraisal process and instrument are determined by the Board. The following are areas of Board operations and relationships representative of those in which objectives may be set and progress appraised.

1. Board meetings
2. policy development
3. fiscal management
4. Board role in educational program development
5. Board member orientation
6. Board member development
7. Board officer performance
8. Board-Superintendent relationships
9. Board-Treasurer relationships
10. Board-staff relationships
11. Board-community relationships
12. legislative and governmental relationships
13. management team development and utilization

The Superintendent and others who regularly work with the Board are asked to participate in establishing objectives and reviewing progress.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

[Re-adoption date: January 24, 2005]

CROSS REFS.: AF, Commitment to Accomplishment
BCB, Board Officers
BCD, Board-Superintendent Relationship (Also CBI)
BD, School Board Meetings
BF, Board Policy Development and Adoption
BHA, New Board Member Orientation
DA, Fiscal Management Goals

EVALUATION OF SCHOOL BOARD OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

Boards of education expect a high level of performance from those who are employed to run the schools. School patrons and other taxpayers also expect a high level of performance from those who are elected to govern the schools.

Ultimately, the performance of an individual Board member is measured at election time. However, that is not enough. Each Board should set aside some time on a regular basis to compare individual assessments of how well the governing body is functioning. The instrument or scoring system is not important. What is important is for the Board to establish a plan to regularly analyze its method of operation. The results of evaluation should be used in setting goals for improved operations in the future.

SELF-EVALUATION INSTRUMENT

Board Meetings - Official action can be taken only when the Board is in session. Therefore, each meeting must be organized for maximum efficiency.

Adequate	Inadequate	The Board of Education:
_____	_____	reads agenda and background materials well in advance of meeting
_____	_____	makes public feel welcome; provides agenda, minutes and related materials
_____	_____	assures that meeting time, place and facilities are convenient for Board, staff and public
_____	_____	does not present new issues of complex nature for immediate action
_____	_____	does not abuse privilege of tabling important issues
_____	_____	demonstrates knowledge and use of good parliamentary procedure
_____	_____	makes distinction between Board's role and function of administrators
_____	_____	expects staff input and Superintendent's recommendation on key issues
_____	_____	ensures that a good public participation policy is in effect
_____	_____	endeavors to make most productive use of meeting time

Adequate	Inadequate	The Board of Education:
_____	_____	conducts all meetings in accordance with the "Sunshine Law"
_____	_____	selects officers on basis of ability

Board-Community Relations - The schools belong to the people. As elected officials, Board members have the responsibility to be representative, to be responsive and to be effective as agents of change.

_____	_____	actively seeks input from community in establishing goals and objectives
_____	_____	gives full support and cooperation to PTA and other citizens
_____	_____	establishes close working relationship with other units of government
_____	_____	is actively involved in state and federal education legislation
_____	_____	maintains effective two-way communication between school officials and residents of the District
_____	_____	ensures best possible relationship between District officials and the media
_____	_____	makes best use of facilities and resources in meeting needs of community
_____	_____	provides leadership in securing maximum community support for a good educational program
_____	_____	approves annual budget within resources that can be certified in the "fiscal certificate"
_____	_____	adopts policies which ensure sound management and fiscal control

Board-Administrator Relations - A good Board-administrator relationship does not guarantee a successful educational program. It is doubtful, however, if a good program will exist in districts with poor Board-administrator relations.

_____	_____	evaluates performance of Superintendent and Treasurer on a regular basis
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Adequate	Inadequate	The Board of Education:
_____	_____	assures that all other personnel are evaluated on a regular basis by Superintendent and staff
_____	_____	works and plans with administration in spirit of mutual trust and confidence
_____	_____	recognizes Superintendent as chief executive officer and educational leader of the District
_____	_____	provides administrators encouragement and opportunity for professional growth
_____	_____	avoids interference with duties which are the responsibility of administrators
_____	_____	solicits input from instructional staff in development of Board policies
_____	_____	addresses potential problems between Board and administrators at earliest opportunity
_____	_____	is willing to defend administrators from unjust and unfounded criticism
_____	_____	has explored the management team concept of operating the schools

Board-Staff Relations - Good education depends on good teachers. It is incumbent on boards to seek maximum input from staff on educational issues while retaining the authority and responsibility for the operation of the schools.

_____	_____	approves job descriptions for all approved positions
_____	_____	adopts appropriate personnel policies in the areas of employment evaluation, reduction in force and related matters
_____	_____	encourages professional growth through staff development, in-service programs, visitations and conferences
_____	_____	refers complaints to appropriate person for discussion
_____	_____	preserves and maintains adequate management rights in any labor relations agreement

Instructional Program - The purpose of public schools is to provide educational opportunities for all students. To this end, it must be determined what are educationally valuable experiences and how they can best be delivered.

Adequate	Inadequate	The Board of Education:
_____	_____	provides equal access to curriculum and cocurricular activities for all students
_____	_____	approves course additions and deletions to the curriculum
_____	_____	balances the overall needs of students and community with efforts of special interest groups to influence the curriculum
_____	_____	encourages suggestions for curriculum improvement from students, staff and community
_____	_____	safeguards the privacy of student records
_____	_____	encourages a positive approach to student discipline
_____	_____	safeguards the rights of students to due process
_____	_____	provides policies that implement the educational standards of the State Board of Education

Personal Qualities - Maximum results as a school board member will be achieved only if high ethical standards of conduct are maintained in all personal, business and public activities.

Adequate	Inadequate	As a Board of Education member, I:
_____	_____	keep the education and welfare of children as my primary concern
_____	_____	represent the best interests of all patrons rather than special interest groups
_____	_____	understand the need for compromise; abide by decisions of the majority
_____	_____	channel complaints and potential problems to proper authority
_____	_____	have made the time commitment necessary to become an informed and effective Board member
_____	_____	reach decisions on the merits of issues and on the basis of best

available evidence

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Adequate	Inadequate	As a Board of Education member, I:
_____	_____	participate in in-service programs at regional, state and national levels
_____	_____	do not individually or unilaterally make decisions or commitments on the Board's behalf
_____	_____	am open and honest with other Board members and administrators; share information and avoid "surprises" whenever possible
_____	_____	am familiar with and abide by the OSBA Code of Ethics

Additional Comments:

EVALUATION OF THE SUPERINTENDENT

The Board evaluates the performance of the Superintendent in order to assist both the Board and the Superintendent in the proper discharge of their responsibilities and to enable the Board to provide the District with the best possible leadership.

Through evaluation of the Superintendent, the Board strives to:

1. clarify the role of the Superintendent as seen by the Board;
2. develop harmonious working relationships between the Board and Superintendent;
3. assure administrative leadership for the District and
4. identify opportunities and challenges of the Superintendent's performance.

Criteria for the evaluation of the Superintendent are based upon the Superintendent's job description and relate directly to each of the tasks described. The job description and any revisions thereto are developed in consultation with the Superintendent and adopted by the Board.

The Board conducts a formal evaluation of the abilities and services of the Superintendent bi-annually. Ongoing assessments are performed regularly.

The evaluation of the Superintendent's abilities and performance is written and made available to and discussed with the Superintendent in conference. The Board must consider the evaluation of the Superintendent in acting to renew or nonrenew his/her contract.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REF.: ORC 3319.01

CROSS REFS.: BDC, Executive Sessions
CBA, Qualifications and Duties of the Superintendent
CBC, Superintendent's Contract

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

EVALUATION OF THE TREASURER

The Board evaluates the performance of the Treasurer in order to assist both the Board and the Treasurer in the proper discharge of their responsibilities and to enable the Board to provide the District with the best possible leadership.

The objectives of the Board's evaluation are to:

1. promote professional excellence to improve the skills of the Treasurer;
2. improve the quality of District business practices and
3. provide a basis for the review of the Treasurer's performance.

Criteria for the evaluation of the Treasurer are based upon the Treasurer's qualifications and duties as stated in policy BCCA.

1. The evaluation of the Treasurer's abilities and performance is written and made available to and discussed with the Treasurer in conference. The Board may consider the evaluation of the Treasurer in acting to renew or nonrenew his/her contract.
2. Evaluation criteria are reviewed as necessary or as requested by the Treasurer, but not less frequently than annually. Any proposed revision of the evaluation criteria is provided to the Treasurer for his/her comments before its adoption.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

[Re-adoption date: March 26, 2007]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3301.074
3313.22
OAC Chapter 3301-5

CROSS REFS.: AF, Commitment to Accomplishment
BCC, Qualifications and Duties of the Treasurer
BCCA, Incapacity of the Treasurer

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF
(Teachers)

A determination of the efficiency and effectiveness of the teaching staff is a critical factor in the overall operation of the District.

An ongoing evaluation program is implemented to provide a record of service, to provide objective evidence for employment and personnel decisions and to promote the improvement of instruction as a part of the goals of the District.

Procedures used in the evaluation process are subject to Board approval or in accordance with the negotiated agreement. Complete and appropriate evaluation records are maintained.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC Chapter 4117
3319.01; 3319.11; 3319.111; 3319.16
OAC 3301-35-06

CONTRACT REF.: Teachers' Negotiated Agreement

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF
(Administrators Both Instructional and Support)

The Superintendent institutes and maintains a comprehensive program for the evaluation of administrative personnel. Administrative personnel are all persons issued contracts in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code, including the following: assistant superintendents, business managers, principals, assistant principals and all other personnel required to maintain certificates/licenses in order to be employed as pupil services workers and educational administrative specialists (provided that such person spends less than 50% of his/her time teaching or working with students) and any other employee whose duties enable him/her to be considered either a "supervisor" or "management-level employee" excluded from all of the employee bargaining units. In addition, evaluations should assist administrators in developing their professional abilities in order to increase the effectiveness of District management.

The purpose of administrator evaluations is to assess the performance of administrators, to provide information upon which to base employment and personnel decisions and to comply with the requirements of State law. All administrators are evaluated annually. In the year an administrator's contract does not expire, the evaluation is completed by the end of the contract year, and a copy is given to the administrator. In the year an administrator's contract does expire, two evaluations are completed, one preliminary and one final. The preliminary evaluation is conducted at least 60 days prior to March 31 and prior to any Board action on the employee's contract. Evaluations are considered by the Board in determining whether to re-employ administrators.

The final evaluation includes the Superintendent's intended recommendation for the contract of the employee. A written copy of the final evaluation must be provided to the employee at least five days prior to the Board's action to renew or nonrenew the employee's contract. The employee may request a meeting with the Board prior to any Board action on his/her contract. The employee may have a representative of his/her choice at the meeting.

The evaluation measures the administrator's effectiveness in performing the duties included in his/her written job description and the specific objectives and plans developed in consultation with the Superintendent. The evaluations are conducted annually by the Superintendent/designee.

Evaluation criteria for each position are in written form and are made available to the administrator. The results of the evaluations are kept in personnel records maintained in the central office. The evaluated administrator has the right to attach a memorandum to the written evaluation. Evaluation documents, as well as information relating thereto, are accessible to each evaluatee and/or his/her representative.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3319.02; 3319.03; 3319.04; 3319.16; 3319.17; 3319.171; 3319.22

Canton City School District, Canton, Ohio

OAC 3301-35-06

CROSS REF.: GBL, Personnel Records

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF
(Administrators Both Instructional and Support)

To assist administrators in the development of their professional abilities, to provide information for employment decisions and to comply with mandates of State law, the following procedures are employed by the Superintendent/designee in evaluating administrative personnel.

1. An initial meeting is held by the Superintendent prior to the school year with the assistant superintendents and administrators to discuss specific measurable objectives and plans for their achievement. A statement of these objectives and plans is submitted by each administrator to the Superintendent/designee at a time specified. These objectives and plans are written and maintained in each administrator's personnel file.
2. The evaluator employs the evaluation criteria which are designed to measure the administrator's effectiveness in performing the duties set forth in his/her written job description. All administrators will be evaluated prior to the end of their contract year. The evaluator will also assess the administrator's progress in meeting plans and objectives set for that school year. Areas of outstanding, satisfactory and poor performance will be noted. The Superintendent/designee will meet with each administrator to discuss the written evaluation. The evaluatee is given a copy of the evaluation and has an opportunity to discuss it with the evaluator at this second meeting.
3. An ongoing dialogue concerning the administrator's objectives will continue and the evaluator and evaluatee will meet as needed or requested.
4. For those employees whose contracts are expiring at the end of the current school year, two evaluations must be completed. A preliminary evaluation must be received by the employee at least 60 days prior to any Board action on the employee's contract. A final evaluation must include the Superintendent's intended recommendation for the contract of the employee. A written copy of the final evaluation must be provided to the employee at least five days prior to the Board's action to renew or nonrenew the employee's contract.
5. The employee may request a meeting with the Board prior to any Board action on his/her contract. The employee may have a representative of his/her choice at the meeting.
6. Assistant superintendents, business managers, principals, assistant principals and other administrators are automatically re-employed if they are not evaluated according to State law or provided a meeting, if requested, to discuss their renewal or nonrenewal.
7. All evaluation criteria, procedures and written job descriptions are reviewed annually by the Superintendent/designee and revised as necessary.

(Approval date: May 17, 2004)

THIS IS A REQUIRED REGULATION

EVALUATION OF SUPPORT STAFF

Regular evaluation of all support staff is intended to bring about improved services and to provide a continuing record of the service of each employee and evidence on which to base decisions relative to assignment and re-employment.

The Superintendent establishes a continuing program of performance evaluation for the support staff. The program includes written evaluations and a means of making the results known to the evaluated employee.

The services of all support staff employees are evaluated at least once each year. Procedures used in the evaluation process are subject to Board approval or in accordance with the negotiated agreement and/or State law.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC Chapter 124
Chapter 4117
3319.081
OAC 3301-35-02; 3301-35-03; 3301-35-05

CONTRACT REF.: Support Staff Negotiated Agreements

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS

The Superintendent regularly evaluates the effectiveness of the instructional program in achieving the District's educational goals and objectives. Periodically, he/she submits a written and comprehensive report of his/her findings to the Board for its consideration and action. The specific purpose of this report is to provide data for planning and budgeting for instructional improvements and for informing the public about the performance of the public schools. Data may include:

1. relation of student growth and development to the objectives of the school system;
2. suitability of educational programs in terms of community expectations;
3. how evaluation findings are used for program improvement;
4. student achievement in light of testing results of standardized achievement tests and competency tests;
5. the number of students who continue in a program of higher education and the percentage of these who graduate;
6. extent of, and trends in, admissions to colleges and universities;
7. employment records of graduates not going to college and
8. all other relevant data which the Superintendent deems necessary.

The Superintendent is instructed to remain informed relative to current research and successful practices and to employ the best and most reliable methods and measures in the evaluative process. The results of the educational testing program are used as a part of the evaluation.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: ORC 3313.60
3323.02
OAC 3301-35-02(B); 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04; 3301-35-06; 3301-35-07

CROSS REFS.: IA, Instructional Goals
IAA, Instructional Objectives
IL, Testing Programs

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

EVALUATION OF EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES

The Superintendent evaluates the effectiveness of the educational resources used by the District to achieve the District's educational goals and objectives.

The individual resource areas are assessed yearly while the overall program is assessed every five years according to professionally recognized criteria and procedures.

Following are the educational resources listed in the State Board of Education Operational Standards.

1. Instructional and support staff are recruited, employed, assigned, evaluated and provided in-service education without unlawful discrimination.
2. Instructional materials and equipment support attainment of objectives specified in courses of study.
3. Facilities accommodate the enrollment and the philosophy of education and educational goals of the school.
4. Student health and safety are safeguarded by an organized program of school health services designed to identify student health problems and to coordinate school and community health resources for students.
5. Student cumulative records are maintained.
6. Student admission, placement and withdrawal are processed according to established procedures.
7. Student attendance and conduct are administered according to established objectives and procedures.
8. School guidance services are provided for students in kindergarten through grade 12 in accordance with a written plan adopted by the Board.
9. Student activity programs are operated in accordance with the Board's philosophy of education and educational goals and safeguard the interest of the school, participants and spectators. Schools will not sponsor interscholastic athletics for students in kindergarten through sixth grade.
10. A planned community relations program is implemented to encourage citizen participation in, and support for, the educational program.

[Adoption date: May 17, 2004]

LEGAL REFS.: OAC 3301-35-03; 3301-35-04

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CROSS REFS.: AC, Nondiscrimination
FA, Facilities Development Goals
IA, Instructional Goals
IJ, Guidance and Counseling Program
IK, Academic Achievement
IKE, Promotion and Retention of Students
JEC, School Admission
JHF, Student Safety
JO, Student Records
KA, School-Community Relations Goals

THIS IS A REQUIRED POLICY

